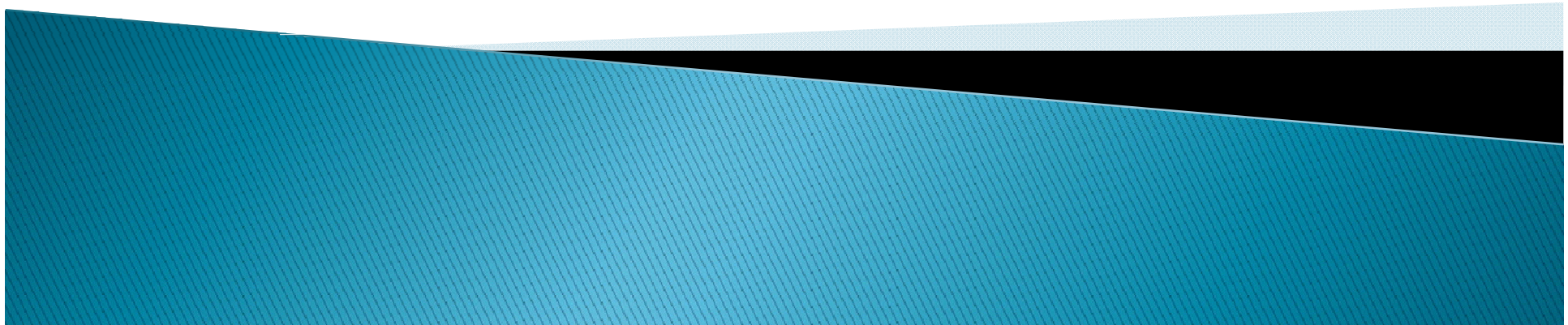


Transitional Flow Over an SD7003 Wing

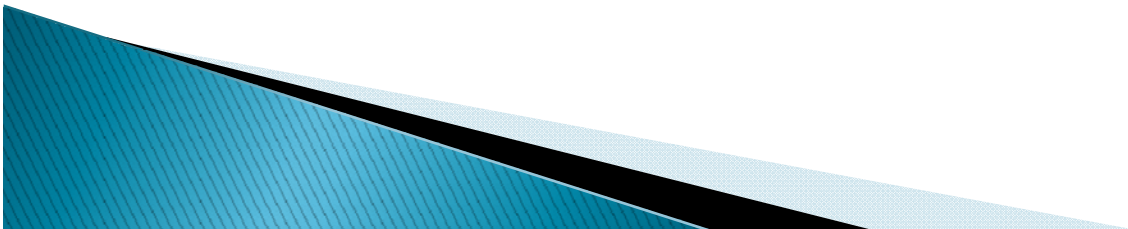
Ben Zimmerman
Z. J. Wang

Iowa State University
Department of Aerospace Engineering



Overview

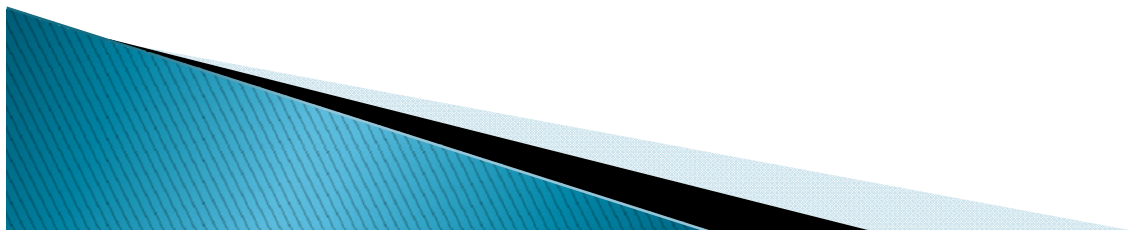
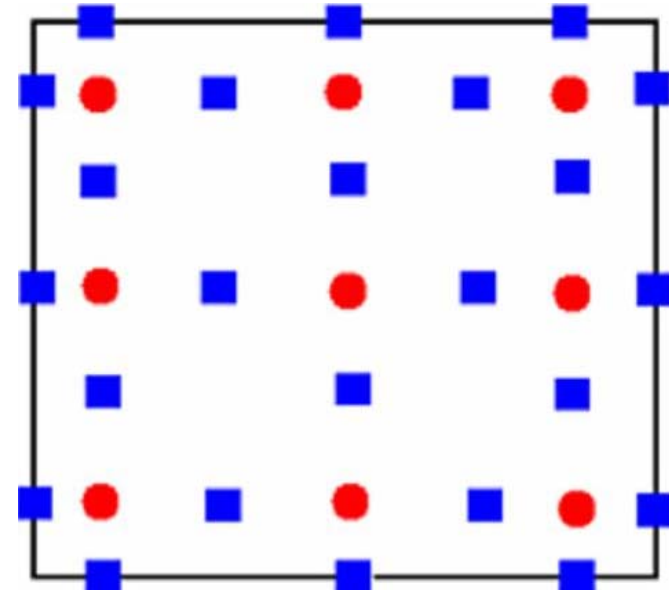
- ▶ Numerical Methods
- ▶ Grid
- ▶ Computational Cost
- ▶ Case overview
- ▶ Results
- ▶ Conclusions



Numerical Methods

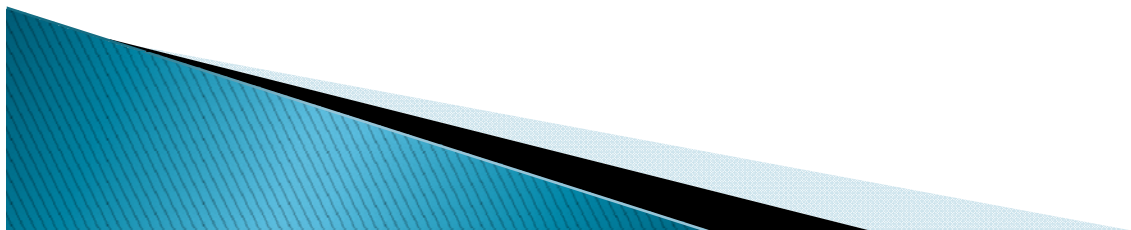
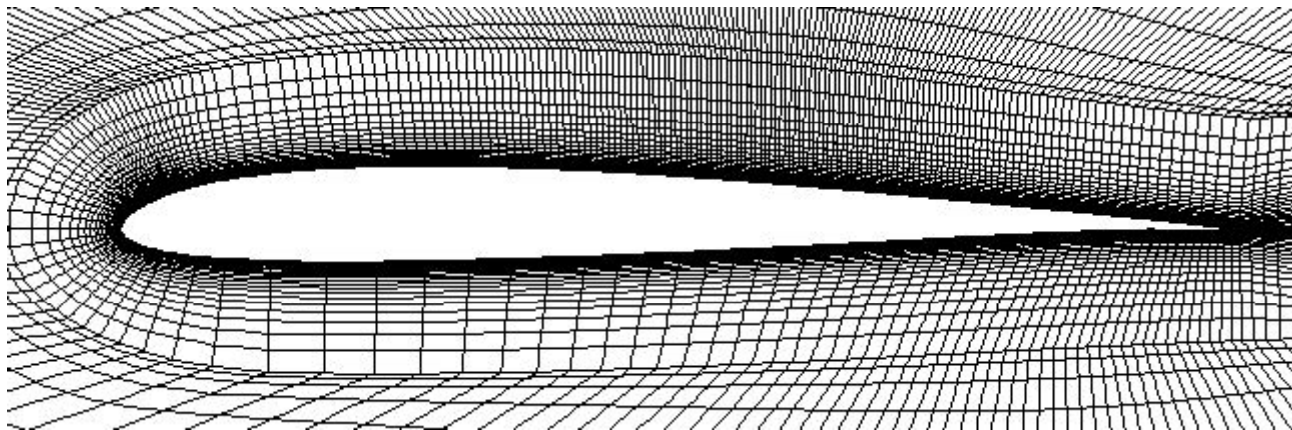
- ▶ Spectral Difference
 - Cells consist of solution points and flux points
 - 3rd order scheme used
 - Solution points (red)
 - Flux points (blue)
 - Identical to staggered grid spectral method

- ▶ Runge–Kutta
 - 3rd order method
 - Time step of 0.0002



SD7003 Grid

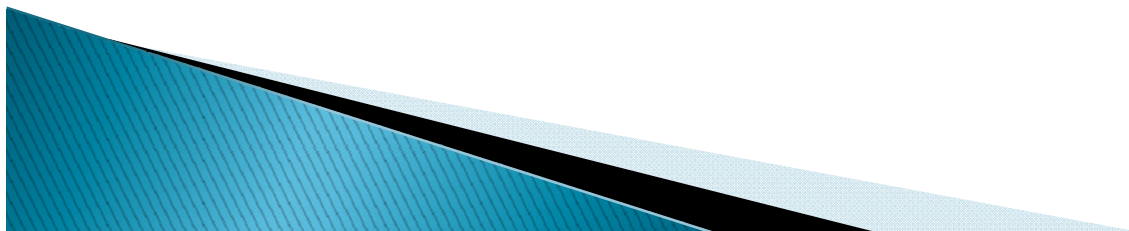
- ▶ Hexahedral mesh
 - Maximum upper surface spacing of 0.0101
 - Boundaries set at 100 chords away
 - Total number of cells: 239,590
 - Gives 6,468,930 degree-of-freedom for 3rd order



Computational Cost

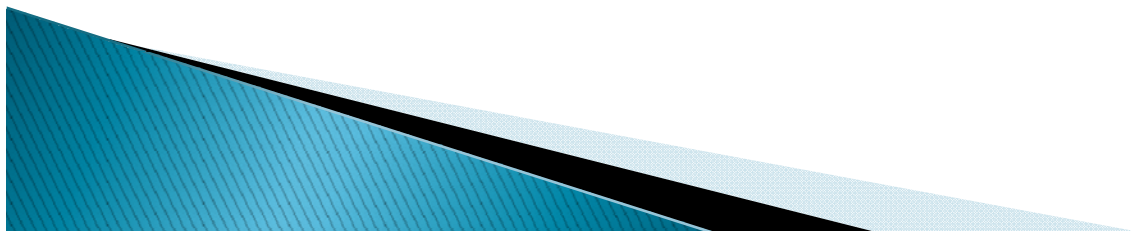
▶ NVIDIA CUDA

- Single precision code
- Two Tesla C2070 cards
- Non-dimensional time of 16
 - 66.5 hours
- Non-dimensional time of 10
 - 41.6 hours
- Total computational time
 - 108.1 hours
- Total computational time for one CUDA card
 - 216.2 hours



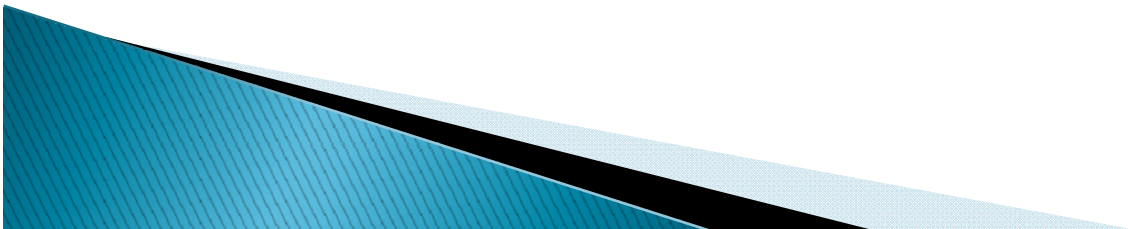
Computational Cost

- ▶ CPU cluster with 64 processors
 - TauBench of 9.77
 - 1000 steps took 890 seconds
 - Require non-dimensional time of 26
 - 421.0622 hours



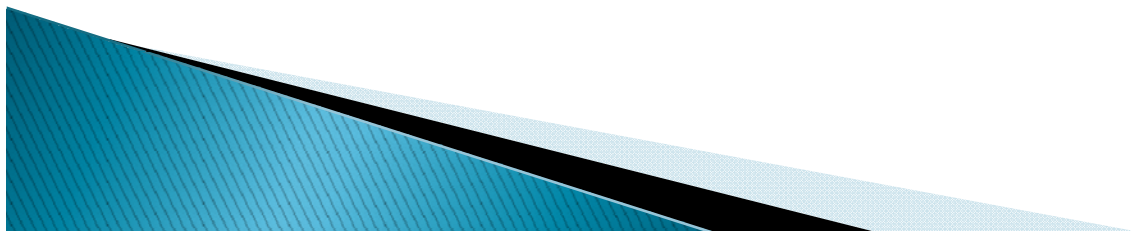
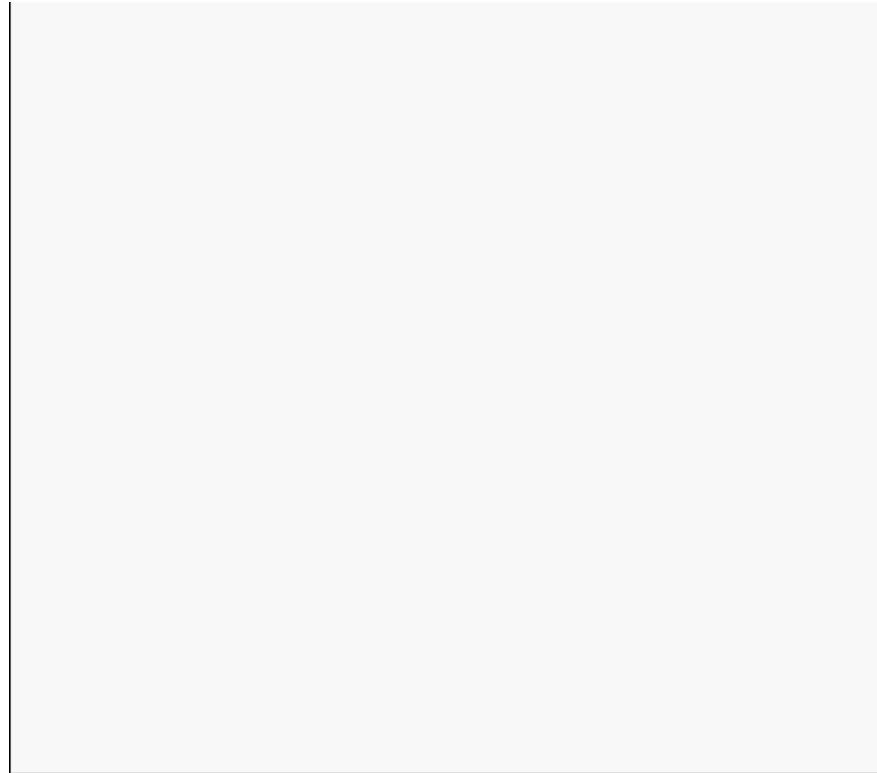
Case Overview

- ▶ SD7003 wing ran at following conditions:
 - Reynolds number 60,000
 - Mach number 0.1
 - Angle of attack 8°
 - Ratio of wall to free-stream temperature 1.002
 - Span set at 0.2
 - Periodic span-wise conditions

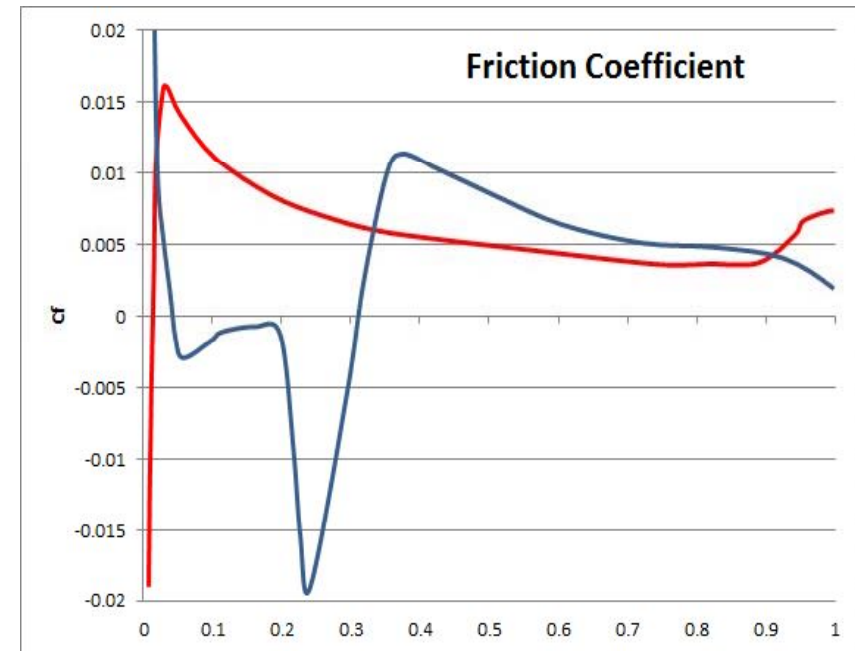
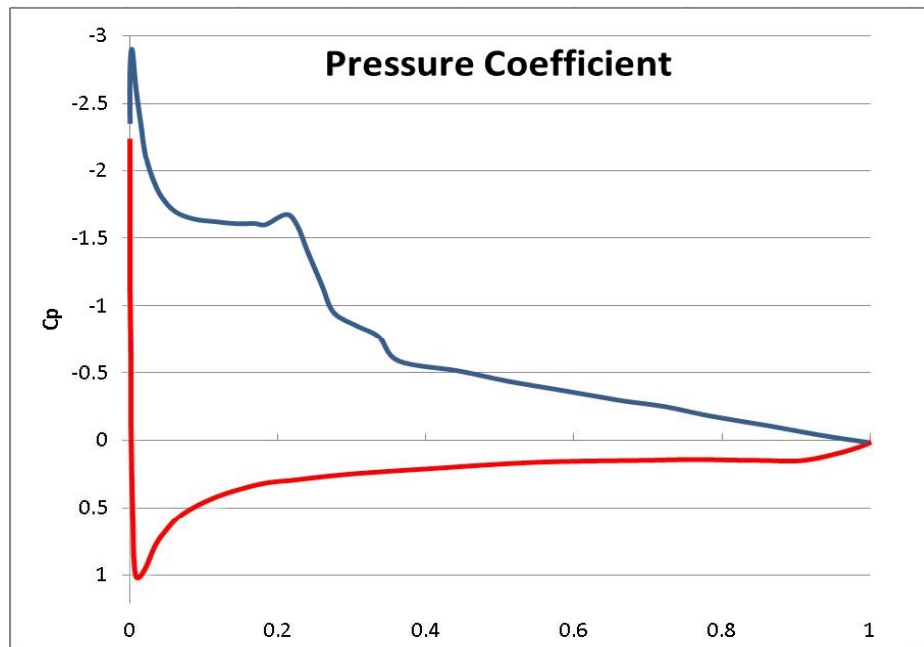


Results – Q Criterion

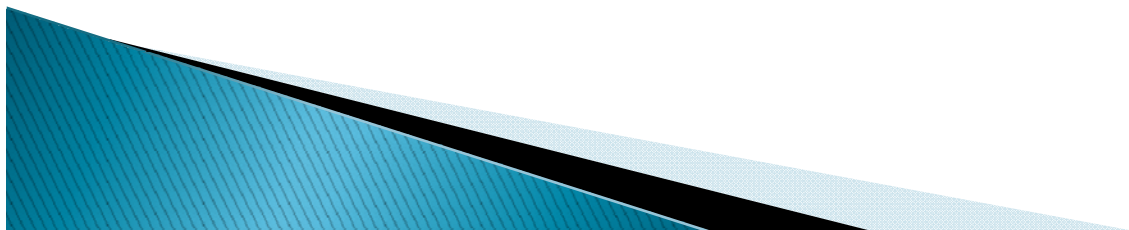
- ▶ Laminar separation bubble
 - Starting point
 - $x/c = 0.18$
 - Ending point
 - $x/c = 0.29$
 - Maximum height
 - 0.0235



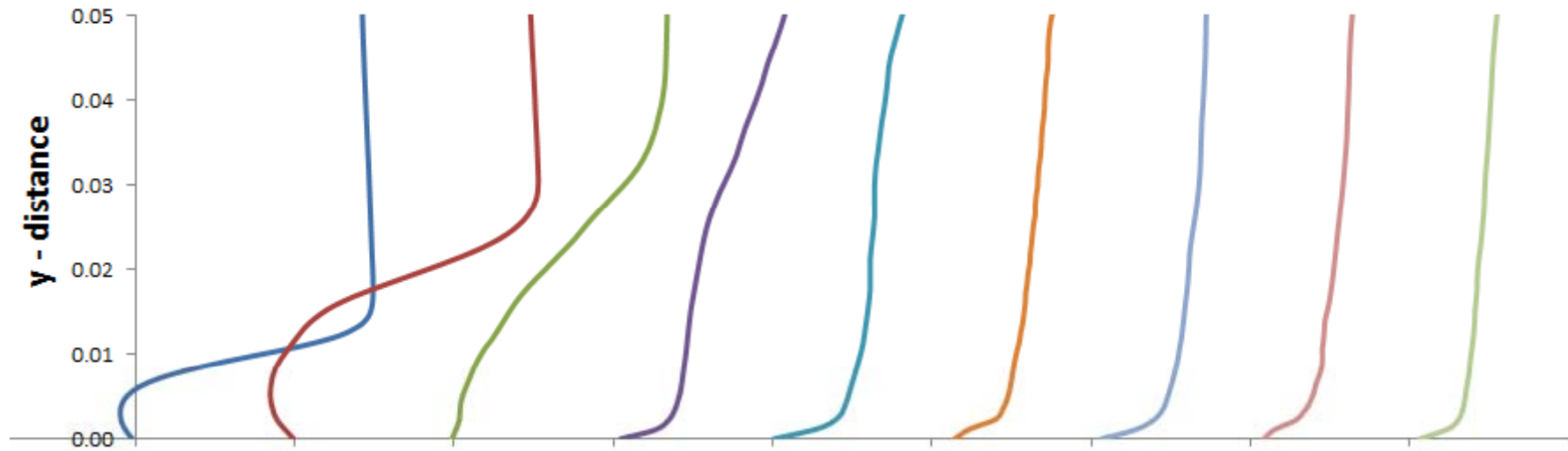
Results – Friction and Pressure



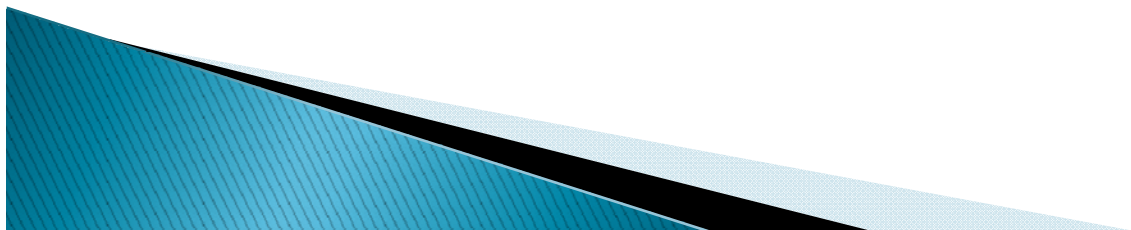
- ▶ Airfoil top (blue) and bottom (red)



Results – Velocity Profile

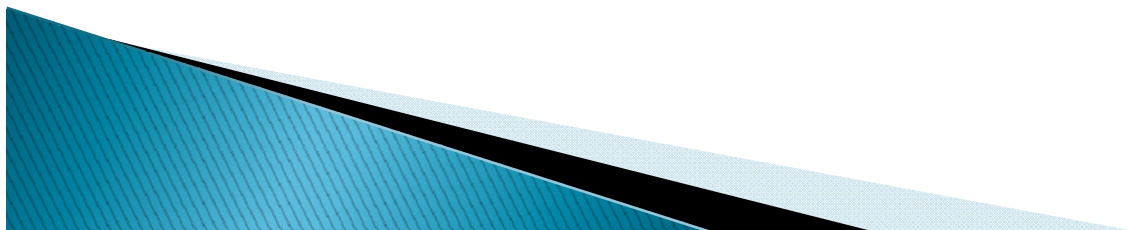


- ▶ Mean u-velocity profile
 - Time and span-wise averaged
 - Data taken at chord locations 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, ... , 0.9



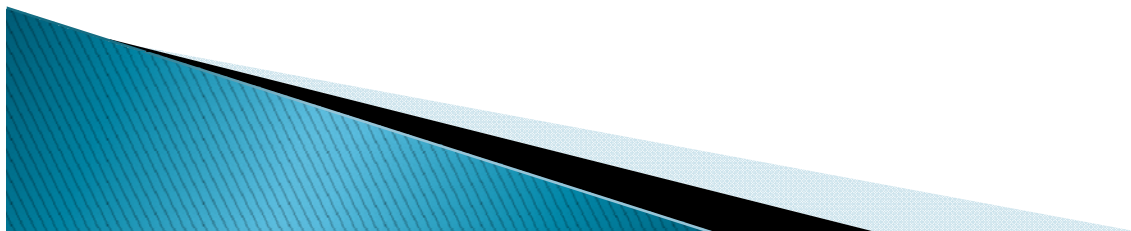
Results – Lift, Drag, and Moment

- ▶ Time averaged forces for 10 non-dimensional time
 - Lift coefficient
 - 0.916397
 - Drag coefficient
 - 0.049397
 - Moment coefficient about the quarter chord
 - 0.002324



Conclusions

- ▶ High order methods can capture complicated unsteady flow structures
 - Turbulent region captured very well
 - Less dissipation compared with lower order schemes
- ▶ CUDA speeds
 - Two CUDA cards out-perform 64 processors
 - Speed-up of roughly 4x



Questions

